

ShaareiTefillah שערי תפילה

פרשת צו - שבת הגדול

Shabbos Times

Mincha	5:55pm	
Plag Mincha	6:12pm	
Candle Lighting (Latest) 7:10pm		
Shkiah	7:27pm	
Shacharis	9:00am	
Latest time for Shema	10:26am	
Drosha	6:10pm	
Shabbos Mincha	5:00pm /	
(followed by Seudah Shlishis)	6:55pm	
Shabbos ends	8:07pm	

Shaarei Youth

Shaarei Boys Kiddush

Shabbos Afternoon Groups

Prep - 2 @5:25 - 6:10pm Grades 3 & 4 @5:25 - 6:10pm Grades 5 & 6 @5:25 - 6:10pm

Seudah Shlishis After Mincha

Summer Avos Ubonim
Due to the
Shabbos Hagodol Drosha
there will be no Avos Ubonim

Starting from
Wednesday morning
there will be a
second Shacharis at 8:30am
followed by learning

Shabbos Hagodol Drosha

The Rabbi's Shabbos Hagodol Drosha will take place at 6:10pm Topic: Celiac and אכילת מצה

Mechiras Chometz

If you have not yet sold your Chometz Rabbi Berlin will be available after Shacharis and Maariv throughout the week

Halachic insight

Question: We bought a new matching seder plate and kos shel Eliyahu for seder night. Do we need to tovel them? Answer: The Gemara (Avoda Zara 75b) writes that any kelim used while eating require tevila. The Shulchan Aruch (YD 120:4) extends this to kelim that are used in cooking or food preparation such as barbecue grills.

Nonetheless, the Rema (YD 120:5) writes that while one doesn't use a chalaf, knife for shechting, for preparing food, one should ideally tovel it without a beracha. The Shach (YD 120:10) explains that this is because it can be used for other food purposes. R' Asher Weiss (Minchas Asher 3:62) writes that a kos shel Eliyahu fits into a similar category as it may be used for drinking. Additionally, one may come to use it years later for kiddush, especially if one finds another, nicer kos for seder night. Thus, it should be tovelled without a beracha (See Rivevos Ephraim 1:122).

In the following teshuva (ibid. 3:63), R' Weiss writes that there is no need to tovel a seder plate, however, as it is not used for eating off or for preparing food. While some make a point of eating the food from the seder plate, it still serves as a tray for displaying the symbolic foods.

In conclusion, there is no need to tovel the seder plate, but one should tovel the kos shel Eliyahu without a beracha.

Please Note

The Shul (downstairs) has been Pesach cleaned please do not bring any food into the shul

Daf HaYomi - We will be starting Avodah Zarah 69a on Sunday



Shiurim and Learning at Shaarei this Week

Sunday Morning - After Shacharis Meseches Kehillah **Monday Night - After Maariv** Hashkofa (Alei Shur) NIGHT CHABURA - Gittin Sun, Tues & Wed - 8:30pm Wednesday Night - 8:45pm N/A Thursday Night - After Maariv The Kosher Shmooze **Thursday Night - Late Topical Shiur Sunday - Thursday before Maariv** Mishne Brurah Shiur Monday - Friday 5:45am Sun - 7:15am, Shabbos 8:15am **Daf Hayomi Shiur**

Davening Jimes this Week

	Shacharis	Mincha	Maariv
Sunday	8:00am	7:10pm	7:30/9:45pm
Monday	6:30am	5:45pm	8:15/9:45pm
Tuesday	6:45am	5:45pm	8:15/9:45pm
Wednesday	6:45am	5:45pm	8:15/9:45pm
Thursday	6:30am	7:05pm	7:20pm
Friday	7:30am	6:59pm	

Something for the Shabbos table

After Bnei Yisrael were commanded to bring the korban Pesach, the Torah tells us, "Bnei Yisroel went and did as Hashem commanded Moshe and Aharon, so did they do" (Shemos 12:28). Rashi explains that the superfluous "so did they do" refers to Moshe and Aharon. They also fulfilled Hashem's commandment to designate a sheep to be used for the korban Pesach. The Maharal elaborates that the korban Pesach was a mitzvah given to Bnei Yisrael as a merit to make them worthy for redemption. Thus, one might think that Moshe and Aharon, who were Hashem's emissaries to carry out the redemption, need not perform this mitzvah. Therefore, the Torah informs us that they too fulfilled this commandment.

It would seem that the original assumption is correct. Why should Moshe Rabbeinu have to fulfil this mitzvah if he was never enslaved in Mitzrayim and did not need to be redeemed? It would also appear that he did not need the mitzvah to advance his spiritual level since he had already reached the high level where he was speaking to Hashem as one converses with a friend.

Rav Wolbe (Daas Shlomo Geulah 323) explains that the korban Pesach was consumed exactly at the time when Hashem passed through Mitzrayim and smote the firstborn. This final plague was an incredible, almost tangible, display of Hashgacha Pratis as Hashem killed only the firstborn and only the Egyptians. Bnei Yisrael also prepared themselves for this moment of revelation in a very tangible way. They "hurriedly ate the korban Pesach with their loins girded, their shoes on their feet and their staffs in their hands." The spiritual impact achieved through witnessing an overt display of Hashgacha Pratis is so great that even Moshe Rabbeinu could gain from it. Therefore, he too prepared himself for the revelation by fulfilling the commandment of korban Pesach.

Leil HaSeder is all about trying to experience that awesome revelation that took place on that very night way back in Mitzrayim. The goal is to achieve a level of clarity where Hashem's hashgacha pratis in our world and our lives, is evident to our corporal eyes.

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Jhis weeks Kiddush Roster:

Jhis weeks Clean Up Roster:

Greg Cohen Betzalel Ernst

To sponsor the newsletter, kiddush or Seudah Shlishis office@shaarei-tefillah.com

To pay a bill or make a donation accounts@shaarei-tefillah.com

To contact Rabbi Berlin rabbi@shaarei-tefillah.com or 0425 858 503

To contact Rabbi Schreck rabbischreck@shaarei-tefillah.com or 0424076370

www.shaarei-tefillah.com

Ladies Shiur

This Shabbos morning there will be a ladies Shiur given by
Rabbi Schreck
All ladies and girls welcome