

ShaareiTefillah שערי תפילה

Shabbos Times

Mincha	4:50pm
Candle Lighting	4:50pm
Shkiah	5:08pm
Shacharis	9:00am
Latest time for Shema	9:59am
Halocha Shiur	4:20pm
Shabbos Mincha	3:30pm /
(followed by Seudah Shlishis)	4:40pm
Shabbos ends	5:54pm
Avos Ubonim	6:55pm

Shaarei Youth

Shaarei Boys Kiddush

Shabbos Afternoon Groups This week 4:10-4:40pm

Seudah Shlishis After Mincha

Motzei Shabbos Avos Ubonim This Week 6:55-7:40pm Special treat - Pizza!!

Wednesday Night learning 7:30-8:15pm

WINTER SHABBATON
Parshas Bolok 30th June
At Doncaster Shul
Grades 4-7

Limited spaces - make sure you sign up

פרשת חוקת

Kiddush

The Kiddush this week has been kindly sponsored by Rafi and Rivki Fogelgarn in honour of their daughter Nava Tehila and by

Yudi and Humi New
in honour of the Yahrzeits of Humi's grandfathers
Felix Brawer & Oscar Fine

Insight from the Daf

The Avnei Nezer was asked about the halacha of putting tefillin on an arm that no longer senses pain. There was a person afflicted with some disease that left him without any feeling in his arm. The basis of the uncertainty comes from the Mishnah in our Gemara that teaches that if a bird's wing dries up it is invalid for use as a korban since it is considered as though it is missing that limb. The Rashba explains that although the wing is still attached to the bird's body it is considered missing since a bird's strength comes from its wings. Accordingly, the question is whether the same halacha applies to a person. Do we say that once his arm dried up it is as if the arm is not there and he may not put tefillin on that arm or perhaps one cannot equate the arm of a person with the wing of a bird? In his response Avnei Nezer asserts that there is a difference between a bird's wing and a person's arm; therefore, an arm without feeling is not considered as though it was already removed and one is permitted to continue to put tefillin on the arm. It is only if the arm is so dry that one could puncture it and blood would not come out that it is considered as though it is no longer

Rav Moshe Feinstein also addressed this question and drew the same distinction. He wrote that if the arm is merely paralysed but blood flows in and out of the limb one continues to put tefillin on that arm. It is only if the arm has dried to the point that it no longer has blood flowing in and out (gangrene) that it is considered as though it has been removed. He then relates that his father's left side was paralysed the last number of months of his life and he continued to put tefillin on his left arm.

Friday Night Learning & Chulent
This week @8:30pm - Come join us!

Daf HaYomi - We will be starting Zevachim 72a on Sunday



Shiurim and Learning at Shaarei this Week

Sunday Morning - After Shacharis Meseches Kehillah **Monday Night - After Maariv** Hashkofa (Alei Shur) NIGHT CHABURA - Gittin Sun, Tues & Wed - 8:30pm Wednesday Night - 8:45pm N/A Thursday Night - After Maariv The Kosher Shmooze **Thursday Night - Late Topical Shiur Sunday - Thursday before Maariv** Mishne Brurah Shiur Monday - Friday 5:45am Sun - 7:15am, Shabbos 8:15am **Daf Hayomi Shiur**

Davening Jimes this Week

	Shacharis	Mincha	Maariv
Sunday	8:00am	4:50pm	5:15/9:45pm
Monday	6:30am	4:50pm	8:15/9:45pm
Tuesday	6:45am	4:50pm	8:15/9:45pm
Wednesday	6:45am	4:50pm	8:15/9:45pm
Thursday	6:30am	4:50pm	8:15/9:45pm
Friday	6:45am	4:52pm	***

Something for the Shabbos table

When Bnei Yisroel complained about the mann and spoke disparagingly about Hashem and Moshe Rabbeinu, Hashem sent snakes to attack them. The Medrash (Bamidbar Rabbah 19:22) offers two explanations why Hashem specifically chose snakes to carry out their punishment. Firstly, the snake was the first creature to speak lashon hara and Bnei Yisroel did not take a lesson from the terrible punishment that it received. Therefore, the snake was chosen to mete out their punishment.

Additionally, when a snake eats even the most sumptuous delicacies, in its mouth everything tastes like dirt. Conversely, Bnei Yisroel ate the mann which was a single food, but in their mouths, it turned into numerous flavours. Therefore, the snake which eats many foods but senses only one taste, was chosen to punish Bnei Yisroel who ate one food that produced many tastes.

Rav Wolbe explains that in the Torah punishment comes as a direct result of the aveirah. If the snake spoke lashon hara and was punished that all its food would taste like dirt, there must be a correlation between the transgression and the punishment. The Gemara (Sotah 42a) cites a pasuk that refers to someone who habitually speaks lashon hara as "rah" - evil. In other words, his very essence is rotten. This evilness causes him not only to lose his portion in the Next World, but also to forfeit his ability to enjoy this world. The Gemara (ibid. 49a) tells us that at the point in time that purity was greatly diminished in the world, hand in hand the fruit lost much of its taste and smell. The ability to really enjoy even this world is limited to those who guard the Torah.

Jhis weeks Kiddush Roster:

Dina Goldberg Tehilla Urban

Jhis weeks Clean Up Roster:

Greg Cohen Rafi Fogelgarn

To sponsor the newsletter, kiddush or Seudah Shlishis office@shaarei-tefillah.com

To pay a bill or make a donation accounts@shaarei-tefillah.com

To contact Rabbi Berlin rabbi@shaarei-tefillah.com or 0425 858 503

To contact Rabbi Schreck rabbischreck@shaarei-tefillah.com or 0424076370

www.shaarei-tefillah.com

Avos Ubonim

This weeks Avos Ubonim has been sponsored by Family Bensky לעיינ ר' דוד בן יעקב